IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN RE: NATIONAL FOOTBALL LEAGUE PLAYERS' CONCUSSION INJURY LITIGATION

Kevin Turner and Shawn Wooden, on behalf of themselves and others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

v.

National Football League and NFL Properties LLC, successor-in-interest to NFL Properties, Inc.,

Defendants.

No. 2:12-md-02323-AB

MDL No. 2323

Hon. Anita B. Brody, U.S.D.J.

NOTICE OF SUBSEQUENT AUTHORITY RELATING TO CLASS COUNSEL'S MOTION TO WITHHOLD (DKT. 8470)

Objector Thrivest Specialty Funding, LLC ("Thrivest") hereby provides notice to the Court of a subsequently decided judicial opinion from the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit that is relevant to and supports Thrivest's opposition to Class Counsel's "Motion to Withhold Portions of Class Members Monetary Awards Purportedly Owed to Certain Third-Party Lenders" (the "Motion to Withhold," Dkt. 8470).

Class Counsel's Motion to Withhold operates from the premise that specialty finance companies, like Thrivest, structured their non-recourse advances to Class Members as assignments so they could charge rates that state usury laws would have prohibited if the transactions were structured as loans. In Obermayer, Rebmann, Maxwell & Hippel v. West, et al., No, 16-1376, 2018 WL 1074310, *1 (3d Cir., Feb. 27, 2018) (copy enclosed as "Exhibit A"), the Third Circuit reviewed a non-recourse purchase of future litigation proceeds similar to the transactions at issue

in Class Counsel's Motion to Withhold. Focusing on substance, not form, the Court explained: "a transaction that neither guarantees the lender an absolute right to repayment nor provides it with security for the debt is not a loan, and as a result, cannot be subject to New York's usury laws." Id. at *2. Accordingly, the Third Circuit rejected an argument, in West, that the purchase agreements were unenforceable because they are usurious. See id.

Although not a precedential decision, the Third Circuit's reasoning is supported by case law and relevant here. **First,** it demonstrates the flaw in Class Counsel's premise. Even if structured as a loan, Thrivest's non-recourse advance would not have been subject to usury laws because, if Thrivest's Class Member customers do not recover from the settlement of this action, they are not obligated to repay Thrivest any money—there is no "absolute right to repayment." Thus, the Court should reject Class Counsel's suggestion that Thrivest packaged its transactions as assignments, rather than as loans, to avoid regulatory oversight—a conclusion that is inconsistent with the law and with Thrivest's reasonable rates. **Second,** implicit in the Third Circuit's reasoning is a recognition that higher rates are justified where repayment is not guaranteed and recourse is limited. As such, it is unfair to compare Thrivest's rates (which are among the lowest for non-recourse transactions and lower even than some recourse lenders) with those charged by lenders whose loans must be repaid in full regardless of whether a Class Member's claim is approved and even if the settlement proceeds are insufficient to satisfy the obligation.

Thrivest respectfully requests that the Court consider this new authority as it reviews Class Counsel's pending Motion to Withhold.

Respectfully submitted,

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Dated: March 8, 2018

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this date, I served a true and correct copy of the foregoing Notice of Subsequent Authority on all counsel of record via the Court's ECF system. I further hereby certify that on this date, I served a true and correct copy of the foregoing on the following interested parties via e-mail:

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Dated: March 8, 2018 /c/ Peter C. Buckley